



CloneJET PCR Cloning Kit

Cat. Nos. K1231, K1232

Pub. No. MAN0012707 Rev. B.01

Lot Expiry Date

Store at –20 °C

Contents

CloneJET PCR Cloning Kit	Cat. No. K1231 20 rxns	Cat. No. K1232 40 rxns
pJET1.2/blunt Cloning Vector (50 ng/μL)	24 μL	46 μL
2X Reaction Buffer	300 μL	600 μL
T4 DNA Ligase (5 U/μL)	24 μL	46 μL
DNA Blunting Enzyme	24 μL	46 μL
pJET1.2 Forward Sequencing Primer, 10 μM aqueous solution	50 μL	100 μL
pJET1.2 Reverse Sequencing Primer, 10 μM aqueous solution	50 μL	100 μL
Control PCR Product (24 ng/μL) 976 bp, with 3'-dA overhangs	8 μL	12 μL
Water, nuclease-free	1.25 mL	1.25 mL

Storage

Store all components of the CloneJET™ PCR Cloning Kit at –20°C.

Description

The CloneJET PCR Cloning Kit is an advanced positive selection system for the highest efficiency cloning of PCR products generated with *Pfu*, *Taq*, Thermo Scientific™ DreamTaq™, or other thermostable DNA polymerases. Additionally, other DNA fragments, either blunt or sticky-end, can be successfully cloned using the kit. The kit features the novel pJET1.2/blunt cloning vector which contains a lethal gene that is disrupted by ligation of a DNA insert into the cloning site. As a result, only cells with recombinant plasmids are able to propagate, eliminating the need for expensive blue/white screening. The vector contains an expanded multiple cloning site, as well as a T7 promoter for *in vitro* transcription. Sequencing primers are included for convenient sequencing of the cloned insert.

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Cloning principle

pJET1.2/blunt is a linearized cloning vector, which accepts inserts from 6 bp to 10 kb. The 5'-ends of the vector contain phosphoryl groups, so that phosphorylation of the PCR primers is not required. Blunt-end PCR products generated by proofreading DNA polymerases can be directly ligated to the vector in just 5 minutes. PCR products with 3'-dA overhangs generated using *Taq* DNA polymerase or other non-proofreading thermostable DNA polymerase are treated for 5 minutes with a proprietary thermostable DNA blunting enzyme (included in the kit) prior to ligation. All common laboratory *E. coli* strains can be directly transformed with the ligation product. Note: Thermo Scientific™ competent cells are recommended with the CloneJET PCR Cloning Kit and are available as stand-alone strains or combo versions (see **Product list**).

Important notes

- Thoroughly mix all vials before use.
- The CloneJET PCR Cloning Kit is compatible with all Thermo Scientific™ PCR buffers.
- Gel-analyze the PCR product for specificity and yield before cloning.
- Specific PCR products of <1 kb appearing as one discrete band on the gel can be used for ligation directly from PCR reaction mixture without any purification.
- Do not use more than 1 μL of unpurified PCR product in the blunting or ligation reaction. Excess polymerase (*Taq*, *Pfu*, or other) or salts from the PCR reaction mixture may result in background colonies and may reduce the efficiency of the cloning procedure.
- Gel purification of the PCR product (e.g., with the GeneJET™ Gel Extraction Kit) is recommended to increase the number of recombinants containing full length inserts in following cases:
 - PCR product is longer than 1 kb;
 - PCR product is contaminated with non-specific PCR products;
 - PCR product is contaminated with primer-dimers;
 - PCR template contains β-lactamase (ampicillin resistance) gene, which may result in background colonies on LB-ampicillin agar plates.
- For efficient cloning of gel-purified DNA fragments, it is important to avoid DNA damage by ethidium bromide and UV light. Use a long wavelength UV (360 nm) light-box when excising DNA from the agarose gel. When using a short-wavelength (254–312 nm) light-box, limit DNA exposure to UV to a few seconds. Keep the gel on a glass plate or on a plastic plate during UV illumination. Alternatively, use dyes, like crystal violet, to visualize DNA in ambient light (1, 2).
- The kit performs well over a wide range of insert/vector molar ratios (0.5:1 to 15:1). However the optimal insert/vector ratio is 3:1. Vector pJET1.2/blunt is supplied at a concentration of 0.05 pmol DNA ends/μL. To calculate optimal amount of the PCR product for ligation (0.15 pmol of DNA ends respectively), refer to Table 1 or use dedicated software (e.g., thermofisher.com/reviewer) for calculations.
- For PCR products >3 kb, ligation can be prolonged to 30 minutes. Ligation times longer than 30 minutes are not recommended and may decrease cloning efficiency.
- Success in cloning of long PCR products may also depend on the DNA sequence of the insert. PCR products may contain toxic sequences not tolerated by *E. coli*, therefore multicopy vectors like pJET1.2 may not be suitable cloning these PCR products.

Table 1. Recommended amount of PCR product for the ligation reaction

Length of PCR product (bp)	Optimal PCR product quantity for ligation reaction, (0.15 pmol ends)
100	5 ng
300	15 ng
500	25 ng
1000	50 ng
2000	100 ng
3000	150 ng
4000	200 ng
5000	250 ng

Cloning protocols

Blunt-End Cloning protocol

- For cloning blunt-end PCR products generated by proofreading DNA polymerases, such as *Pfu* DNA polymerase. If the DNA end structure of the PCR products is not specified by the supplier of the DNA polymerase, follow the Sticky-End Cloning Protocol.
- For cloning of blunt-end DNA fragments generated by restriction enzyme digestion. Gel-purify the DNA fragment prior to ligation and use in a 3:1 molar ratio with pJET1.2/blunt (see Table 1).

1. Set up the ligation reaction **on ice**:

Component	Volume
2X Reaction Buffer	10 μL
Non-purified PCR product or purified PCR product/other blunt-end DNA fragment	1 μL
pJET1.2/blunt Cloning Vector (50 ng/μL)	1 μL (0.05 pmol ends)
Water, nuclease-free	up to 19 μL
T4 DNA Ligase	1 μL
Total volume	20 μL

- Vortex briefly and centrifuge for 3–5 s.
2. Incubate the ligation mixture at room temperature (22°C) for 5 min.
Note. For PCR products >3 kb, ligation can be prolonged to 30 min.
3. Use the ligation mixture directly for transformation
Note. Keep the ligation mixture at -20°C if transformation is postponed. Thaw on ice and mix carefully before transformation.

Sticky-end cloning protocol

- For cloning PCR products with 3'-dA overhangs generated by *Taq* DNA polymerase, DreamTaq DNA polymerase or enzyme mixtures containing *Taq* DNA polymerase.
- For cloning PCR products when DNA end structure of the generated PCR products is not specified by the supplier of the DNA polymerase.
- For cloning DNA fragments with 5'- or 3'-overhangs generated by restriction enzyme digestion. Gel-purify the DNA fragment prior to ligation and use in a 3:1 molar ratio with pJET1.2/blunt (see Table1).
Note. The DNA Blunting Enzyme is a proprietary thermostable DNA polymerase with proofreading activity. It will remove 3'-overhangs and fill-in 5'-overhangs. Nucleotides for the blunting reaction are included in the reaction buffer.

1. Set up the blunting reaction **on ice**:

Component	Volume
2X Reaction Buffer	10 μL
Non-purified PCR product or purified PCR product/other blunt-end DNA fragment	1 μL
	0.15 pmol ends
Water, nuclease-free	up to 17 μL
DNA Blunting Enzyme	1 μL
Total volume	18 μL

- Vortex briefly and centrifuge for 3–5 s.
2. Incubate the mixture at 70°C for 5 min. Chill on ice.
3. Set up the ligation reaction **on ice**. Add the following to the blunting reaction mixture:
- | Component | Volume |
|---|-----------------------|
| pJET1.2/blunt Cloning Vector (50 ng/μL) | 1 μL (0.05 pmol ends) |
| T4 DNA Ligase | 1 μL |
| Total volume | 20 μL |
- Vortex briefly and centrifuge for 3–5 s to collect drops.
4. Incubate the ligation mixture at room temperature (22°C) for 5 min.
Note. For PCR products >3 kb, ligation can be prolonged to 30 min.
5. Use the ligation mixture directly for transformation
Note. Keep the ligation mixture at –20 °C if transformation is postponed. Thaw on ice and mix carefully before transformation.

Transformation

- Thermo Scientific™ DH10B competent cells (see **Product List**) are recommended for use with the CloneJET PCR Cloning Kit. Refer to the competent cell manual for transformation protocol.
- The CloneJET PCR Cloning Kit is also compatible with all common *E. coli* laboratory strains. Transformation of competent *E. coli* cells with the ligation mixture can be performed using different transformation methods (Table 2 and 3).
- The number of transformants on the plates directly depends on the transformation efficiency of the competent cells.
- For successful cloning, competent *E. coli* cells should have an efficiency of at least 1×10^6 cfu/ μg supercoiled plasmid DNA (see Table 2). To check the efficiency, prepare a control transformation with 0.1 ng of a supercoiled vector DNA (e.g., pUC19 DNA).
- For transformation of the ligation mixture, see Table 3.

Table 2. Evaluation of transformation efficiency of competent cells (control transformation)

Transformation method	Transformants per μg of supercoiled plasmid DNA	Amount of pUC19 DNA to produce ~1000 colonies/plate	Volume of competent cells
Thermo Scientific™ DH10B competent cells	~1 × 10 ⁹	0.1 ng	50 μL
Calcium Chloride	~1 × 10 ⁶	1 ng	50 μL
Electroporation	~1 × 10 ⁹	0.01 ng	40 μL

Transformation method	Treatment of the ligation mixture	Volume of ligation mixture	Volume of competent cells
Thermo Scientific™ DH10B competent cells	Do not heat ligation mixture prior to use for transformation.	≤2.5 µL	50 µL
Calcium Chloride	Do not heat ligation mixture prior to use for transformation.	≤5 µL	50 µL
Electroporation	Spin column or chloroform extraction (see Recipes & supplementary protocols) Do not heat ligation mixture prior to use for transformation.	0.5-1 µL of purified ligation mixture	40 µL

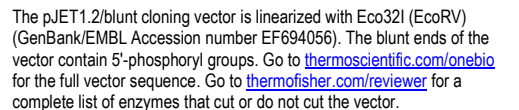
Component	Volume	Volume if using premade master mix ^[1]
10X <i>Taq</i> buffer	2.0 µL	—
dNTP mix, 2 mM each	2.0 µL	—
25 mM MgCl ₂	1.2 µL	—
pJET1.2 Forward Sequencing Primer	0.4 µL	0.4 µL
pJET1.2 Reverse Sequencing Primer	0.4 µL	0.4 µL
Water, nuclease-free	13.9 µL	9.2 µL
DNA Polymerase	0.1 µL	—
PCR Master Mix ^[2]	—	10 µL
Total volume	20 µL	20 µL

4. Perform PCR: 95°C, 3 min; 94°C, 30 s, 60°C, 30 s, 72°C 1 min/kb; 25 cycles.
5. Analyze on an agarose gel for the presence of the PCR product.

Component	Volume
2X Reaction Buffer	10 μ L
Control PCR Product (24 ng/ μ L)	2 μ L
Water, nuclease-free	5 μ L
DNA Blunting Enzyme	1 μ L
Total volume	18 μ L

Component	Volume
pJET1.2/blunt Cloning Vector (50 ng/μL)	1 μL
T4 DNA Ligase	1 μL
Total volume	20 μL

4. Incubate the ligation mixture at room temperature (22°C) for 5 min.
 5. Use the ligation mixture directly for transformation. Keep the ligation mixture at -20°C if transformation is postponed. Thaw on ice and mix carefully before transformation.
- Analyze colonies by colony PCR. At least 9 of 10 analyzed colonies should contain recombinant plasmid with the 976 bp insert. The number of transformants depends on the transformation efficiency of the *E. coli* cells. Verify the transformation efficiency by transforming supercoiled plasmid (e.g., pUC19 DNA) in parallel. See Table 2 for correct control transformations.



Position (bp)	Element	Function
1762–1148	rep (pMB1)	Replicon (rep) from the pMB1 plasmid responsible for the replication of pJET1.2
1162±1	Replication start	Initiation of replication
2782–1922	<i>bla</i> (Ap ^R)	β-lactamase gene conferring resistance to ampicillin. Used for selection and maintenance of recombinant <i>E. coli</i> cells
753–16	<i>eco47IR</i>	Lethal gene <i>eco47IR</i> enables positive selection of recombinant plasmid
892–769	P _{lacUV5}	Modified P _{lac} promoter for expression of the <i>eco47IR</i> gene at a level sufficient to allow for positive selection
305–324	T7 promoter	T7 RNA polymerase promoter for <i>in vitro</i> transcription of the cloned insert
422–328	Multiple cloning site (MCS)	Mapping, screening and excision of the cloned insert
371–372	Insertion site	Blunt DNA ends for ligation with insert
310–332	pJET1.2 forward sequencing primer binding site	Sequencing of insert, colony PCR. Sequence: 5'-CGACTCACTATAGGGAGACGGC-
428–405	pJET1.2 reverse sequencing primer binding site	Sequencing of insert, colony PCR. Sequence: 5'-AAGAACATCGATTTTCATGGCAG-

1. Prepare LB-agar Medium (1 liter), weigh out:

Bacto® Tryptone	10 g,
Bacto Yeast extract	5 g,
NaCl	5 g.
2. Dissolve in 800 mL of water, adjust pH to 7.0 with NaOH and add water to 1000 mL.
3. Add 15 g of agar and autoclave.
4. Allow the medium to cool to 55 °C.
5. Add 2 mL of ampicillin stock solution (50 mg/mL) to a final concentration of 100 µg/mL.
6. Mix gently and pour plates.

1. Rand, K.N., Crystal Violet can be used to Visualize DNA Bands during Gel Electrophoresis and to Improve Cloning Efficiency, Elsevier Trends Journals Technical Tips, Online, T40022, 1996.
2. Adkins, S., Burmeister, M., Visualization of DNA in agarose gels and educational demonstrations, Anal Biochem., 240 (1), 17-23, 1996.

Product	Cat. No.
DH10B competent cells	EC0113
CloneJET PCR Cloning Kit with DH10B Competent Cells, 20 rxn	K123120
CloneJET PCR Cloning Kit with DH10B Competent Cells, 40 rxn	K123140
Taq DNA Polymerase 5 u/μL	EP0401
PCR Master Mix (2X)	K0171
DreamTaq Green DNA Polymerase	EP0711
DreamTaq Green PCR Master Mix (2X)	K1081
GeneJET™ Gel Extraction Kit	K0691
GeneJET™ Plasmid Miniprep Kit	K0503
pUC19 DNA	SD0061

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